COUNTERACTION TO SMOLDERING CRISES IN THE NATIONAL SECURITY SYSTEM

Markov N.
Department of National and International Security – New Bulgarian University, Bulgaria
nmarkov@nbu.bg

Abstract: A model of integrated approach for indication, analysis, correction and sustainable management under the conditions of a smoldering crisis

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1. Introduction

What characterizes the management of the processes under crises conditions is the implementation of specific methods, plans and decisions. This type of management is based on an empirical set of preventive measures for overcoming crises and on the controlled consequences of their implementation.

The classical approach to overcoming a crisis by means of security system management bears its own peculiar features. They can be described as having a typical and temporary but also very strong inclination for breaking some of the general principles of the security system. This stems from the very peculiar environment, the types of tasks and the way in which each crisis in the management sector arises and presents its unique features.

There is no connector between the process of mastering a crisis and an adequate, effective and integrated methodology, which must recognize the preconditions for the crisis in a chronological order. Most of the preconditions are results from already existing smoldering crises in management. The so needed Revolution in the expert and professional consciousness, connected to the way of perceiving a smoldering crisis; the integrated approaches for research, the understanding, the interaction and the main features of the environment, where they are generated and established, are the fundamentals for the sustainability of the security system management under the particularly risky conditions.

The understanding of a crisis as an emergency situation and the symptoms of a smoldering crisis as an integral part of a real crisis – this is where the danger for overcoming this intricate process lays. The effective management of the various resources, needed for the proper correction and control as well as the time for their implementation are key elements of the initiative for imposing stability. The surplus value of the modern crisis management models is also the opportunity to profit from this hazardous condition.

There is a natural connection between the national and the international security systems. It is a result of logical processes, which are consequences of implementing agreed situational algorithms within specific conditions and environment. The possible threats for breaking this interconnection originate in the lack of unified assessment, timely indication, definite levels of analysis and control, as well as an incessant monitoring of latent phase crisis.

2. Analysis

2.1 Preconditions

The profound scientific research and the expert definition of the potential and precise weaknesses in the security system management model together with the parallel account of the potential and obvious risks and threats as consequences of a management smoldering crisis, are the prerequisite for the urgent and reformed decision-making. The general precondition in this case is the secret yet permanent distrust of the state administration towards the structural units of the national security system and the threatening possibility to be caught in a deliberate interdependence and manipulation.

There is a mistake in the widespread belief that if the structural unit activities of the system are innovated it will necessarily lead to a change in its nature as a whole. In fact, lacking an integrated mechanism for incessant control and correction to guarantee the effective and objective use of resources, can deeply damage the quality and the value added.

A substantial administrative challenge to the existence of a sustainable management under the conditions of a smoldering crisis is the frustrating inadequacy of the political class, which impels the system retrogression – a result of the political class ineptness to define and use the results of the national and international security systems work reasonably and confidently.

We face the existence of an inevitable problem in the established law order to prescribe a communication between the political and the expert lack of experience.

But there is a permanent lack of balance on the field of the international relations too, despite the incessant claims for restoring the balance. But the mere observation of the past and the foreseeable future processes leads us to the conclusion that the international relations will stay as they are – in a dynamic and uncertain phase, which is contrary to the expected synergetic effect from the collaboration in the field of international security.

In such an international background the tension among the global political and economic agents will mount and lead to hidden and obvious confrontation. More and more of the present regional powers like Turkey, Iran, Israel etc. will have military and political claims to be recognized as global powers. This process will go hand in hand with the deliberate retreat from the already signed and acknowledged treaties and contracts.

In particular, it will become more difficult to create a unified definition of a potential and specific threat together with a joint definition of our mutual interest. The specialized joint operations can only reach the level of a regional political-military cooperation or combined efforts against the organized crime, which involves the protection more of national interest than of international ones.

Bearing in mind the recent management crises, the current crises indicators do not give timely account of the real processes because of the lack of a unified measurement system both at a national and an international level.

If we give a complex recognition to these preconditions, the concept of stable management of the national system security is left out of its own potentials in the hypothesis of a modern, flexible, pragmatic and effective security.
2.2 Means of resolving

The innovative models of management set the question about the possibilities and direct benefits from every crisis. The reflection of these models can be seen in many of the developed countries strategy documents which are an expression of defined social characteristics.

The security system management under a crisis conditions would go through a severe trial without an integrated approach and an intelligent analysis system of the preconditions for smoldering crises. This implies the creation of a new type of a security infrastructure, as well as the methods and forms of its realization:

- New quantity and quality of the security system, based on some unpopular technologies and well-developed potential possibilities for their effective application;
- Preventive activities and operations, reflecting the internal and external smoldering crises and the development of flexible mechanisms for preventing the existence of external control over the preconditions;
- A total security system management and control, fulfilled with some specialized team resources – experts and scientists, so that flexible and stable models, based on the development of the human artificial intellect could be created;
- A short-time access, processing and analysis of huge information bases with practically no subjective factors influence;
- The creation of synergic quasi-models, constructed over some methods of destructive usage of the counter-forces and means for adding an own additional value;
- The determination of the logistic apparatus of the security system;
- A preventive indication, objective assessment and a quick reaction to each and every crisis, with a special emphasis on the segment in a lethal phase;
- Aim-directed resources for providing of an adequate and innovative base for specialists education and training;
- New implementation of the fundamental sciences in a combination with the capacity and the technical abilities of the high technology integrated artificial intellect;
- Foresight of the potential abilities for an adequate and effective reaction as a tendency to entering the conditions of a partial or a full security system decentralization;
- Operational abilities for shrinking and enlargement, depending on the challenges as well as the existence of some private capacity to guarantee the steady autonomy regime work;

3. Conclusion

The international structures as cyber-trusts, quasi-states, private armies/G4S, Wal-Mart, Unity Resources Group, Erinys, Asia Security Group, DynGorp, Triple Canopy, Aegis Defence Services, Academi, Defion International, Vagner/ and financial trusts, managing more than half of the international capital in the field of the informal economy as well as some specific forms of work of the non-governmental organizations, achieve the synergetic effect which, to this moment, exceeds the possibilities of each state.

The achievements of the automation and the following high-tech robotization are capable of changing the philosophy of the whole strategy towards a flexible and steady management of the national security system under the conditions of smoldering crises.

The next half a century will mark the beginning of the competition between the machines, which will change the ways of using personnel. Some global means of intelligence, a controlled influence over the environment and some “laboratory created” conflicts will be realized by logistic centers with minimum of operators but with maximum of effectiveness.

The indication, reflection and the reaction against diverse smoldering crises will turn out to be the next essential science for survival, stability and prosperity.

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